



MaxiMizer II Proportioning System with HydroGap Air Gap Eductors: 1, 2, 3 and 4 button units

Package Contains:

1. Proportioner unit.
2. Supply tube(s).
3. Foot valve(s) and weight(s).
4. Discharge tube(s).
5. Metering tip kit(s).
6. Mounting anchor kit.
7. Drip tray(s) for 4 LPM eductor(s) only.
8. Hose hook(s) for 14 LPM eductor(s) only.

Installation and Operation: (Repeat steps as necessary for each eductor the unit contains.)

1. Unlock the front door panel and open it.
2. To mount the unit to a wall, drill mounting holes and insert the plastic toggle anchors provided into the holes. Use the screws provided to secure the unit to the wall.
3. Select a metering tip (see next section) and insert the tip into the eductor hose barb.
4. Connect a long, flexible discharge tube to the bottom of any 14LPM (yellow) eductor, applying the end opposite the hook. A clamp for securing the 14 LPM tube is provided. Push the tube out of the bottom of the unit, through the hole provided. The hook allows the discharge tube to hang neatly when not in use. Make sure all discharge tubes are fully engaged onto the eductors.
5. Connect water supply hose of at least 13 mm ID to water inlet swivel at right side of manifold. (Minimum 1.76 bar pressure, **with water running**, is required for correct operation.) Push hose out of the side of the cabinet, through the hole provided, and attach the hose to the water supply source. Turn water supply on. If needed, the front panel can be removed by loosening the screws inside the bottom edge and then lifting the front off.
6. Install the suction tube as follows:
 - Slide a ceramic weight over one end of the piece of tubing.
 - Push the hose barb end of a foot valve into one end of the open tube.
 - Slide the weight down to the foot valve.
 - Place foot valve end of suction tube into the concentrate container and put container into proportioner cabinet.
 - Push the other (open) end of the suction tube assembly over the hose barb/metering tip on the eductor.
 - **REMEMBER TO CHECK FOOT VALVE STRAINER FOR CLOGGING PERIODICALLY. CLEAN IF NECESSARY.**
7. Close front door panel and lock. If dispenser has any 4 LPM eductors, make sure a drip tray is in its place at the bottom of the shelf, below concentrate container, for all 4 LPM stations.
8. Write product name on one of the labels supplied and apply the label under the button to correspond to the product that will be dispensed by depressing that button, and the type of container the solution will be dispensed into.
9. Purge air from the system by depressing the buttons briefly. There may be some water discharge from the eductor vents until the air is purged.
10. Push button to start flow of desired water/concentrate solution, and hold until solution starts to be discharged. (Be sure to have a bottle or other receptacle under the discharge tube.) Prime each of the supply tubes in this way. Then push the button whenever dispensing is desired, and release button to stop flow of solution. Buttons may be converted to twist-to-latch locking buttons by installing the latch spring provided (see parts diagram for placement). This allows continuous dispensing without holding button.
11. **It is essential that the discharge hose is not obstructed. If discharge is restricted, water will flow out of the eductor vents. Do not start to operate the dispenser with liquid in the discharge tube.**

Metering Tip Selection:

The final concentration of the dispensed liquid is related to both the size of the metering tip opening and the viscosity of the liquid being siphoned. If product viscosity is noticeably greater than that of water, consult the procedure for Measurement of Concentration below to achieve your desired water-to-product ratio. For water-thin products, use the chart on the next page as a **guideline**. Because such factors as inlet water pressure and temperature can affect dilution ratios, the figures listed on the chart are only approximate. Test the actual dilution you are achieving using the Measurement of Concentration procedure for best results. Use the undrilled, clear tip for drilling a size not listed.

Measurement of Concentration:

To determine the dispensed water-to-product ratio for any metering tip size and product viscosity, operate the primed dispenser for a minute or so and note the amount of dispensed solution, and the amount of concentrate used in preparation of the solution. These values can be placed in the equation below to determine the achieved dilution ratio. Dilution Ratio equals X parts water to one part concentrate (X:1). If the test does not give the desired ratio, choose a different tip and repeat the test. Alternative methods to this test are 1) pH (using litmus paper), and 2) titration. Contact your concentrate supplier for further information on these alternative methods and the materials required to perform them.

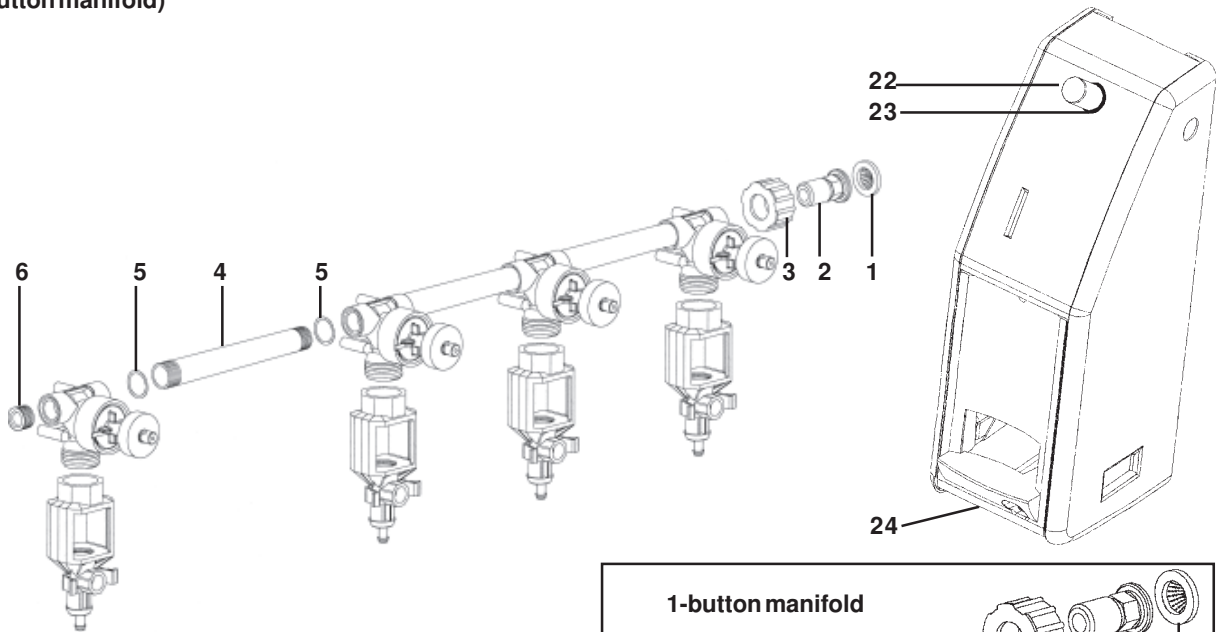
$$\text{Dilution Ratio (X:1) where } X = \frac{\text{Amount of Mixed Solution} - \text{Amount of Concentrate Drawn}}{\text{Amount of Concentrate Drawn}}$$

APPROXIMATE DILUTIONS AT 2.86 BAR FOR WATER-THIN PRODUCTS (1.0 CP)				
Tip Colour	Orifice Size	Std. Drill Number)	Ratio (per Eductor Flow)	
			4 LPM	14 LPM
No Tip	.187	(3/16)	3:1	3.5:1
Grey	.128	(30)	3:1	4:1
Black	.098	(40)	3:1	4:1
Beige	.070	(50)	4:1	8:1
Red	.052	(55)	5:1	14:1
White	.043	(57)	7:1	20:1
Blue	.040	(60)	8:1	24:1
Tan	.035	(65)	10:1	30:1
Green	.028	(70)	16:1	45:1
Orange	.025	(72)	20:1	56:1
Brown	.023	(74)	24:1	64:1
Yellow	.020	(76)	32:1	90:1
Aqua	.018	(77)	38:1	128:1
Purple	.014	(79)	64:1	180:1
Pink	.010	(87)	128:1	350:1

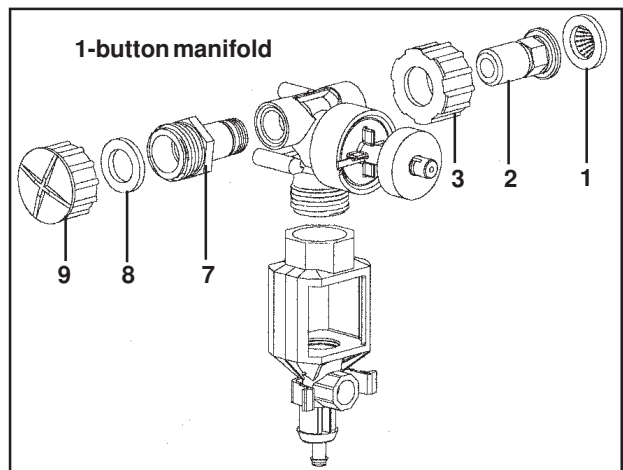
MaxiMizer II Parts Diagrams/List

4-button manifold

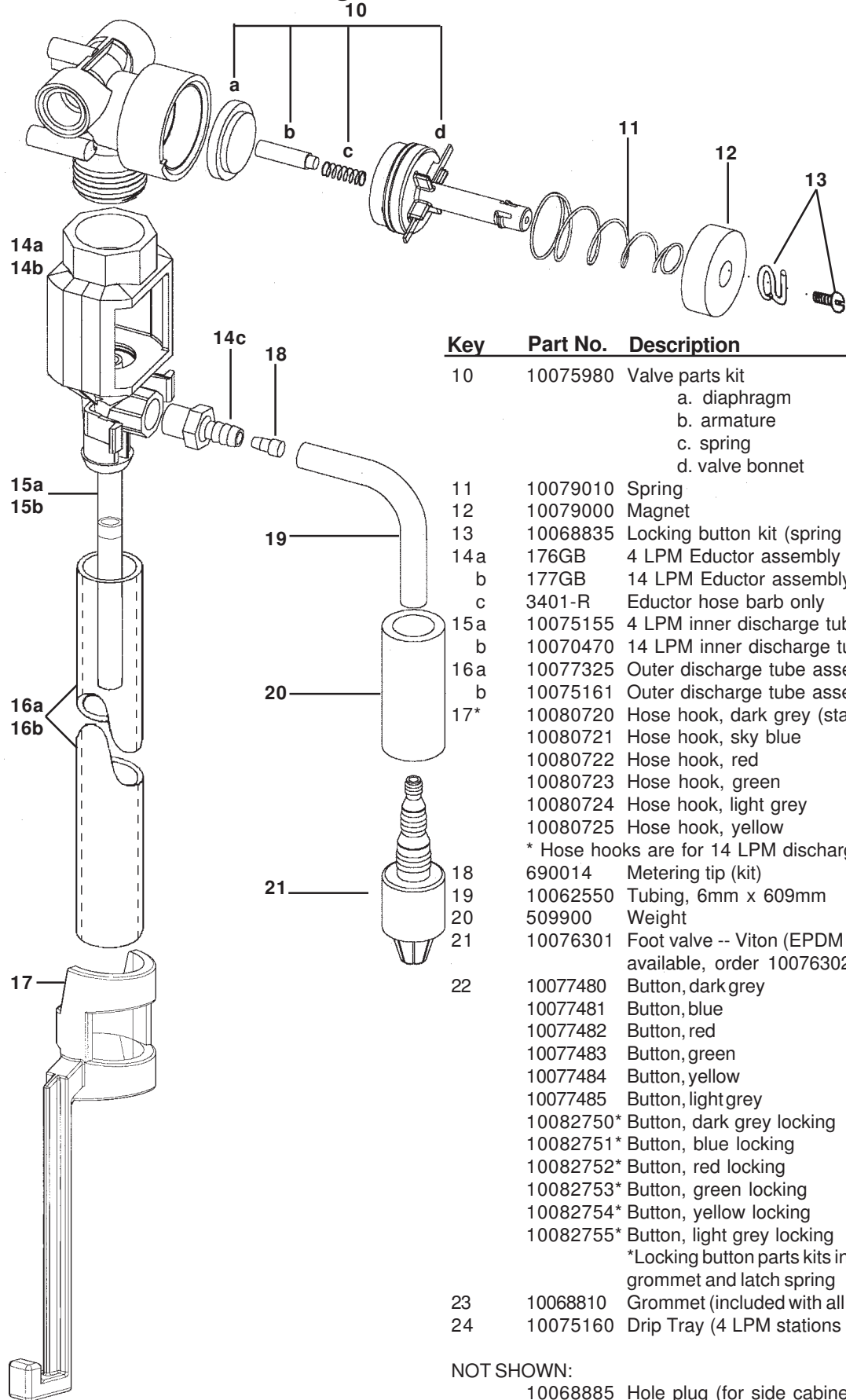
(3-button similar; see 1-button manifold for fitting on left side of 2-button manifold)



Key	Part No.	Description
1	238100	Strainer washer
2	10082806	Swivel stem
3	10082835	Hose swivel collar
4	10075901	Nipple
5	10075950	O-ring (2 required per nipple)
6	10075925	Pipe plug
7	10082826	Connector fitting
8	10087394	WRcWasher
9	10082845	Connector fitting cap



MaxiMizer II Parts Diagrams/List



Key	Part No.	Description
10	10075980	Valve parts kit a. diaphragm b. armature c. spring d. valve bonnet
11	10079010	Spring
12	10079000	Magnet
13	10068835	Locking button kit (spring and screw)
14a	176GB	4 LPM Eductor assembly
b	177GB	14 LPM Eductor assembly
c	3401-R	Eductor hose barb only
15a	10075155	4 LPM inner discharge tube
b	10070470	14 LPM inner discharge tube
16a	10077325	Outer discharge tube assembly, 14 LPM
b	10075161	Outer discharge tube assembly, 4 LPM
17*	10080720	Hose hook, dark grey (standard)
	10080721	Hose hook, sky blue
	10080722	Hose hook, red
	10080723	Hose hook, green
	10080724	Hose hook, light grey
	10080725	Hose hook, yellow
	* Hose hooks are for 14 LPM discharge tubes	
18	690014	Metering tip (kit)
19	10062550	Tubing, 6mm x 609mm
20	509900	Weight
21	10076301	Foot valve -- Viton (EPDM also available, order 10076302)
22	10077480	Button, dark grey
	10077481	Button, blue
	10077482	Button, red
	10077483	Button, green
	10077484	Button, yellow
	10077485	Button, light grey
	10082750*	Button, dark grey locking
	10082751*	Button, blue locking
	10082752*	Button, red locking
	10082753*	Button, green locking
	10082754*	Button, yellow locking
	10082755*	Button, light grey locking
	*Locking button parts kits include grommet and latch spring	
23	10068810	Grommet (included with all button kits)
24	10075160	Drip Tray (4 LPM stations only)

NOT SHOWN:

- 10068885 Hole plug (for side cabinet opening)
- 10075150 Lock
- 10029509 Nut for lock
- 10075128 Keys (2) for lock

TROUBLESHOOTING CHART:

Problem	Cause	Solution
1. No discharge	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. No water b. Magnetic valve not functioning c. Excessive water pressure d. Eductor clogged 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. Open water supply b. Install valve parts kit c. Install regulator if flowing water pressure exceeds 4.2 Bar d. Clean* or replace
2. No concentrate draw	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. Clogged foot valve b. Metering tip or eductor has scale build-up c. Low water pressure d. Discharge tube and/or flooding ring not in place e. Concentrate container empty f. Inlet hose barb not screwed into eductor tightly g. Clogged water inlet strainer 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. Clean or replace b. Clean (descale)* or replace c. Minimum 1.76 Bar (with water running) required to operate unit correctly d. Push tube firmly onto eductor discharge hose barb, or replace tube if it does not have a flooding ring e. Replace with full container f. Tighten, but do not overtighten g. Disconnect inlet water line and clean strainer
3. Excess concentrate draw	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. Metering tip not in place 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. Press correct tip firmly into barb on eductor
4. Failure of unit to turn off	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. Water valve parts dirty or defective b. Magnet doesn't fully return c. Push button stuck d. Excessive water pressure 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. Clean* or replace with valve parts kit b. Make sure magnet moves freely. Replace spring if short or weak c. Realign cabinet or clean grommet which button passes through d. Install regulator if pressure (with water flowing) exceeds 4.2 Bar
5. Excess foaming in discharge	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. Air leak in pick-up tube b. Inner discharge tube not in place 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. Put clamp on tube or replace tube if brittle b. Install inner discharge tube
6. Water discharge from air vents of eductor	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. Restricted discharge hose b. High water pressure 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. Ensure discharge hose is not immersed, kinked or elevated. Ensure there is no liquid in the discharge hose when beginning to operate dispenser b. Install pressure regulator if flowing water pressure exceeds 4.2 Bar

*In hard water areas, scale may form inside the discharge end of the eductor, as well as in other areas of the unit which are exposed to water. This scale may be removed by soaking the eductor in a descaling solution (deliming solution). To remove an eductor located in the cabinet, firmly grasp valve and unthread eductor. Replace in same manner. Alternatively, a scaled eductor can be cleaned (or kept from scaling) by drawing the descaling solution through the unit. Operate the unit with the suction tube in the descaling solution. Operate the unit until solution is drawn consistently, then flush the unit by drawing clear water through it for a minute. Replace concentrate container and put suction tube into concentrate.

