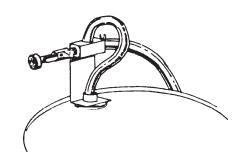
HYDROMASTER MODEL 206AP



- 1. Drum proportioner
- 2. Suction tube (4 ft.) with foot valve
- 3. Discharge tube (4 ft.)
- 4. Metering tip kit (14 tips)
- 5. Product information sheet



Installation and Operation:

- 1. Select a metering tip (see next section), and insert it into the suction stub. Slide the open end of the suction tube through the bung adaptor, then over the suction stub.
- 2. Slide end of discharge tube over the eductor discharge outlet.
- 3. Remove either the 3/4 or 2-inch bung from an upright drum.
- 4. Insert the foot valve end of the suction tube into the drum.
- 5. Swivel the drum adapter several turns in the bung opening until the bracket is secure.
- 6. Install minimum 1/2-inch ID water hose between the inlet swivel and water supply spigot. (Minimum 25 PSI flowing water pressure is required to operate the unit.)
- 7. Turn on water supply. To begin dispensing solution, open ball valve at inlet to unit.

Metering Tip Selection:

The final concentration of the dispensed liquid is related to both the size of the metering tip opening (orifice) and the viscosity of the liquid being siphoned. If product viscosity is noticeably greater than that of water, consult the procedure for Measurement of Concentration on the next page to achieve your desired water-to-product ratio. For water-thin products, use the chart below as a guideline. Because such factors as inlet water pressure and temperature can affect dilution ratios, the figures listed below are only approximate. Test the actual dilution you are achieving using the Measurement of Concentration procedure for best results. Two undrilled, clear tips are supplied for drilling sizes not listed.

Tip Color	Drill Size	Approximate Dilution Ratio at 40 PSI, water-thin viscosity (1.0 cp)
No tip		4.5:1
Gray	30	5:1
Black	40	6:1
Beige	50	9:1
Red	55	20:1
White	57	24:1
Blue	60	26:1
Tan	65	31:1
Green	70	50:1
Orange	72	70:1
Brown	74	90:1
Yellow	76	100:1
Purple	80	200:1
Pink	87	400:1

Measurement of Concentration

You can determine the dispensed water-to-product ratio for any metering tip size and product viscosity. All that is required is to operate the primed dispenser for a minute or so and note two things: the amount of dispensed water/product mixture, and the amount of concentrate used in preparation of the solution dispensed. The water-to-product ratio is then calculated as follows:

Dilution (X) = Amount of Mixed Solution - Amount of Concentrate Drawn
Amount of Concentrate Drawn

Dilution ratio, then, equals X parts water to one part concentrate (X:1). If the test does not yield the desired ratio, choose a different tip and repeat the test. Alternative methods to this test are 1) pH (using litmus paper), and 2) titration. Contact your concentrate supplier for further information on these alternative methods and the materials required to perform them.

Troubleshooting:

Problem	Cause	Remedy
Unit does not draw concentrate	a. Clogged foot valve strainer b. Metering tip orifice obstructed c. Water pressure too low d. Mineral deposits in eductor e. Flooding ring not in place	a. Clean or replace b. Rinse orifice or replace with new tip c. Minimum 25 PSI required. Replumb line or use different source d. Descale* or replace eductor e. Replace discharge tube
Water gets into concentrate container	a. Heavy mineral deposits in eductor b. Faulty or missing foot valve	a. Descale* or replace eductor b. Repair or replace foot valve
Unit continuously draws concentrate	a. End of discharge tube lower than eductor	Always hang discharge tube from unit using hook provided on end

^{*} Mineral deposits, known as scale, may form at the discharge of the eductor, particularly in hard water areas. To remove scale, soak the eductor in a descaling or deliming solution. Alternately, the descaling solution can be siphoned into the eductor by operating the unit with the foot valve in the descaling solution. After operating the unit in this manner for a minute, put foot valve in clear water and operate for another minute to flush the unit. Return the foot valve to the concentrate for normal use.

